



Year 1 Spelling LTP



	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7
Autumn 1	n before k RWI 1 The final 'k' sound is made with 'k' after a consonant.	ss RWI 1 The 's' sound is often made with 'ss' at the end of short words following a short vowel.	ll RWI 1 The 'l' sound is often made with 'll' at the end of short words following a short vowel.	ck RWI 1 The 'k' sound is often made with 'ck' at the end of short words and always follows a short vowel.	ff RWI 1 The 'f' sound is usually made with 'ff' at the end of short words (following a single vowel letter).	tch 'tch' is used at the end of words if it follows a single short vowel.	v The final 'v' sound usually has an 'e' added.
Autumn 2	ay RWI 2 'y' can act as a vowel, making the 'a' say its name (long vowel sound)	ee RWI 2 Double 'ee' gives a long 'e' sound	igh RWI 2 letters 'igh' make a long 'i' sound -often followed by the letter 't'	ow RWI 2 'ow' can make a long 'o' sound	oo RWI 2 'oo' most often makes a long 'oo' sound	oo RWI 2 'oo' can give a short 'u' sound (often before 'd' and 'k')	ar RWI 2 'ar' is often used in the middle or at the end of a word
Spring 1	or RWI 2 'or' is often used in the middle or at the end of a word	air RWI 2 'air' always makes the sound 'air' ir RWI 2 'ir' is often used in the middle of a word	ou RWI 2 the short 'ow' sound is also made using 'ou'	oy RWI 2 'oy' is often used at the end of a word or syllable	ay RWI 2 'y' can act as a vowel, making the 'a' say its name (long vowel sound) Days of the week must be spelt with a capital letter.	ore If 'or' is at the end of a word an 'e' is often added.	
Spring 2	ea RWI 3 When two vowels go out walking the first one does the talking- 'ea' can make a long 'e' sound ea In some words 'ea' makes a short 'e' sound	oi RWI 3 'oi' is often used in the middle of a word.	a_e RWI 3 Silent 'e' makes the vowel 'a' say its name (long vowel sound)	i_e RWI 3 Silent 'e' makes the vowel 'i' say its name (long vowel sound)	o_e RWI 3 Silent 'e' makes the vowel 'o' say its name (long vowel sound) u_e RWI 3 Silent 'e' makes the vowel 'u' say its name (long vowel sound)		
Summer 1	aw RWI 3 'aw' is often used at the end of a word/ often before letter 'l' or 'n'	are RWI 3 'are' often makes the sound 'air'	ur RWI 3 'ur' is often used in the middle of a word er RWI 3 'er' is used in the middle of some words or at the end but with a slightly different sound	ow RWI 3 'ow' can make a short sound, usually at the end of a word or before 'n' or 'l'.	ai RWI 3 When two vowels go out walking the first one does the talking, so 'ai' makes a long 'a' sound	oa RWI 3 When two vowels go out walking the first one does the talking, so 'oa' makes a long 'o' sound.	
Summer 2	ew RWI 3 'ew' together make a long 'u' sound.	ire RWI 3 'ire'- uses long i sound	ear RWI 3 'ear' can make the sound 'ear' or the sound 'air'.	ure RWI 3 'ure' sounds like 'your'	ue 'ue' makes a long 'u' sound.	wh The 'w' sound can also be made with 'wh' '	ie When two vowels go out walking the first one does the talking, so 'ie' makes a long 'i' sound.



Year 1 Spellings - Autumn 1



Children will be taught spelling rules and patterns each week. Spellings set for homework are a combination of common exception words and topic related vocabulary alongside words to consolidate learning completed during that week. Children need to practise and learn these spellings at home. Children's recall of spellings will be checked through a weekly spelling dictation.

	Week 1 RWI 1	Week 2 RWI 1	Week 3 RWI 1	Week 4 RWI 1	Week 5 RWI 1	Week 6	Week 7
Spelling pattern	n before k The final 'k' sound is made with 'k' after a consonant.	ss The 's' sound is often made with 'ss' at the end of short words following a short vowel.	ll The 'l' sound is often made with 'll' at the end of short words following a short vowel.	ck The 'k' sound is often made with 'ck' at the end of short words and always follows a short vowel.	ff The 'f' sound is usually made with 'ff' at the end of short words (following a single vowel letter).	tch 'tch' is used at the end of words if it follows a single short vowel.	v The final 'v' sound usually has an 'e' added.
Rhyme	I think I stink	Hiss hiss	Jack and Jill fell down the hill	Tick tock clock	Huff and puff	Itch and scratch	Where do you live?
	SF Rule: 45	SF Rule: 41	SF Rule: 42	SF Rule: 43	SF Rule: 44	SF Rule: 46	SF Rule: 47
1	bank	kiss	bell	stick	whiff	catch	live
2	think	hiss	doll	truck	huff	notch	give
3	honk	grass	hill	lick	cliff	hutch	leave
4	sunk	glass	skull	sack	sniff	kitchen	have
5	thank	mess	drill	rack	cuff	fetch	serve
6	blink	toss	till	neck	puff	ditch	solve
7		class	well	lock	off	itch	curve
8		dress	smell	black	stuff	patch	twelve
9		cross		duck	staff	scratch	dive

Words in yellow boxes can be practised using Spellingframe <https://spellingframe.co.uk/>



Year 1 Spellings - Autumn 2



Children will be taught spelling rules and patterns each week. Spellings set for homework are a combination of common exception words and topic related vocabulary alongside words to consolidate learning completed during that week. Children need to practise and learn these spellings at home. Children's recall of spellings will be checked through a weekly spelling dictation.

	Week 1 RWI 2	Week 2 RWI 2	Week 3 RWI 2	Week 4 RWI 2	Week 5 RWI 2	Week 6 RWI 2	Week 7 RWI 2
Spelling pattern	ay 'y' can act as a vowel, making the 'a' say its name (long vowel sound)	ee Double 'ee' gives a long 'e' sound	igh letters 'igh' make a long 'i' sound -often followed by the letter 't'	ow 'ow' can make a long 'o' sound	oo 'oo' most often makes a long 'oo' sound	oo 'oo' can give a short 'u' sound (often before 'd' and 'k')	ar 'ar' is often used in the middle or at the end of a word
Rhyme	May I play?	What can you see?	Fly high	Blow the snow	Poo at the zoo	Look at the book	Start the car
	SF Rule: 4	SF Rule: 6	SF Rule: 24	SF Rule: 19	SF Rule: 13	SF Rule: 14	SF Rule: 5
1	stay	see	night	own	zoo	book	car
2	way	tree	right	blow	pool	took	start
3	say	green	light	snow	food	foot	park
4	play	meet	bright	grow	moon	wood	arm
5	day	week	high	show	soon	good	garden
6	May	seen	sigh	slow	boot	look	star
Common exception words Year 1							
7	says	be	I	no	school	put	are
8	a	we	my	go	do	push	our
9	the	me	by	so	to		

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Year 1 Spellings - Spring 1



Children will be taught spelling rules and patterns each week. Spellings set for homework are a combination of common exception words and topic related vocabulary alongside words to consolidate learning completed during that week. Children need to practise and learn these spellings at home. Children's recall of spellings will be checked through a weekly spelling dictation.

	Week 1 RWI 2	Week 2 RWI 2	Week 3 RWI 2	Week 4 RWI 2	Week 5 RWI 2	Week 6 RWI 2	Week 7
Spelling pattern	or 'or' is often used in the middle or at the end of a word	air 'air' always makes the sound 'air' ir 'ir' is often used in the middle of a word	ou the short 'ow' sound is also made using 'ou'	oy 'oy' is often used at the end of a word or syllable	ay y' can act as a vowel, making the 'a' say its name (long vowel sound) Days of the week must be spelt with a capital letter.	ore If 'or' is at the end of a word an 'e' is often added.	
Rhyme	Shut the door	That's not fair Whirl and twirl	Shout it out	Toy for a boy	May I play?		
	SF Rule: 25	SF Rule: 29	SF Rule: 17	SF Rule: 3		SF Rule: 26	
1	for	hair	out	annoy	Monday	more	
2	short	chair	about	enjoy	Tuesday	score	
3	born	pair	mouth	toy	Wednesday	before	
4	morning	girl	around	boy	Thursday	wore	
5	horse	bird	sound	loyal	Friday	shore	
6	worn	shirt	round	royal	Saturday	snore	
7		stair			Sunday	core	
Common exception words Year1							
8	your	where	house	his	today	pull	
9	you	were	is	has	love	full	

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Year 1 Spellings - Spring 2



Children will be taught spelling rules and patterns each week. Spellings set for homework are a combination of common exception words and topic related vocabulary alongside words to consolidate learning completed during that week. Children need to practise and learn these spellings at home. Children's recall of spellings will be checked through a weekly spelling dictation.

	Week 1 RWI 3	Week 2 RWI 3	Week 3 RWI 3	Week 4 RWI 3	Week 5 RWI 3	Week 6	Week 7
Spelling pattern	ea When two vowels go out walking the first one does the talking- 'ea' can make a long 'e' sound	ea In some words 'ea' makes a short 'e' sound	oi 'oi' is often used in the middle of a word.	a_e Silent 'e' makes the vowel 'a' say its name (long vowel sound) i_e Silent 'e' makes the vowel 'i' say its name (long vowel sound)	o_e Silent 'e' makes the vowel 'o' say its name (long vowel sound) u_e Silent 'e' makes the vowel 'u' say its name (long vowel sound)		
Rhyme	Cup of tea	What dreadful weather	Spoil the boy	Make a cake Nice smile	Phone home Huge brute		
	SF Rule: 7	SF Rule: 8	SF Rule: 2				
1	sea	head	coin	sale	hope		
2	dream	read	join	take	home		
3	meat	bread	oil	name	stone		
4	each	meant	point	made	nose		
5	read	instead	soil	time	June		
6	reach	thread	voice	smile	cute		
7	seat	tread	choice	slide	huge		
Common exception words Year1							
8	she	they	one	said	friend		
9	he	was	once	ask	of		

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Year 1 Spellings - Summer 1



Children will be taught spelling rules and patterns each week. Spellings set for homework are a combination of common exception words and topic related vocabulary alongside words to consolidate learning completed during that week. Children need to practise and learn these spellings at home. Children's recall of spellings will be checked through a weekly spelling dictation.

	Week 1 RWI 3	Week 2 RWI 3	Week 3 RWI 3	Week 4 RWI 3	Week 5 RWI 3	Week 6 RWI 3	Week 7
Spelling pattern	aw 'aw' is often used at the end of a word/ often before letter 'l' or 'n'	are 'are' often makes the sound 'air'	ur 'ur' is often used in the middle of a word er 'er' is used in the middle of some words or at the end but with a slightly different sound	ow 'ow' can make a short sound, usually at the end of a word or before 'n' or 'l'.	ai When two vowels go out walking the first one does the talking, so 'ai' makes a long 'a' sound	oa When two vowels go out walking the first one does the talking, so 'oa' makes a long 'o' sound.	
Rhyme	Yawn at dawn	Care and share	Nurse with a purse A better letter	Brown cow	Snail in the rain	Goat in a boat	
	SF Rule: 27	SF Rule: 32	SF Rule: 12	SF Rule: 18	SF Rule: 1	SF Rule: 15	
1	saw	bare	turn	how	afraid	boat	
2	draw	dare	burst	now	paid	coat	
3	crawl	care	hurt	brown	train	road	
4	yawn	share	church	town	wait	coach	
5	raw	scared	Thursday	down	rain	goal	
6	straw	rare	better	owl	again	goat	
7	dawn	spare	person	howl	snail	moan	

Common exception words Year 1

	Spellingframe CEW 1	Spellingframe CEW 2	Spellingframe CEW 3	Spellingframe CEW 4	Spellingframe CEW 5	Spellingframe CEW 6	
8	the	of	was	be	no	here	
9	a	said	is	he	go	there	
10	do	says	has	me	so	where	
11	to	are	his	we	by		
12	today	were	I		my		



Year 1 Spellings - Summer 2



Children will be taught spelling rules and patterns each week. Spellings set for homework are a combination of common exception words and topic related vocabulary alongside words to consolidate learning completed during that week. Children need to practise and learn these spellings at home. Children's recall of spellings will be checked through a weekly spelling dictation.

	Week 1 RWI 3	Week 2 RWI 3	Week 3 RWI 3	Week 4 RWI 3	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7
Spelling pattern	ew 'ew' together make a long 'u' sound.	ire 'ire'- uses long i sound	ear 'ear' can make the sound 'ear' or the sound 'air'.	ure 'ure' sounds like 'your'	ue 'ue' makes a long 'u' sound.	wh The 'w' sound can also be made with 'wh' '	ie When two vowels go out walking the first one does the talking, so 'ie' makes a long 'i' sound.
Rhyme	Chew and stew	Fire fire	Hear with your ear	Sure it's pure	Come to the rescue	Whisk whisk	Terrible tie
	SF Rule: 21		SF Rule: 30		SF Rule: 20/16	SF Rule: 28	SF Rule: 22
1	new	fire	dear	sure	blue	white	lie
2	few	hire	hear	pure	true	while	pie
3	grew	wire	beard	cure	clue	wheel	tie
4	flew	spire	near	unsure	rescue	whale	lied
5	drew	entire	year	mixture	Tuesday	who	tied
6	threw	admire	rear	creature	glue	when	
7	chew	bonfire	tear		Spelling pattern 2	Spelling pattern 2	Spelling pattern 2
CEW Year 1	Spellingframe CEW 6	Spellingframe CEW 7	Spellingframe CEW 7	Spellingframe CEW 8	oe 'oe' can make a long 'o' sound.	au 'au' is never used at the end of a word.	ph The 'f' sound can be made with 'ph'
Rhyme					Joe plays an oboe	Paul the astronaut	Take a photo
8	love	one	friend	put	toe	August	photo
9	come	once	school	push	goes	author	trophy
10	some	ask		pull	oboe	dinosaur	dolphin
11					doe		elephant

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