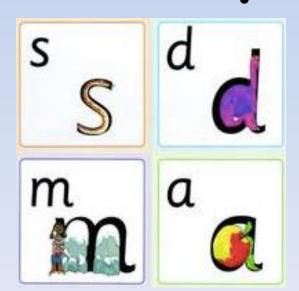
F2 Phonics Parent Meeting

September 2022

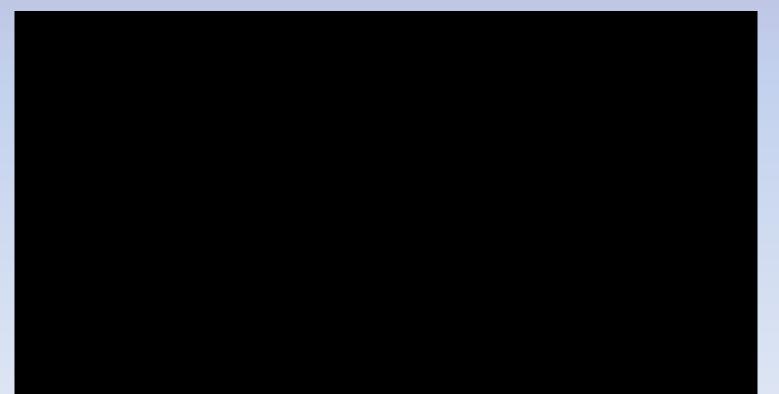








In F2 we follow the 'Read, Write Inc.', Literacy programme which continues in Year 1. RWI phonics is a systematic and structured programme that supports the EYFS curriculum in F2 and The National Curriculum from Year 1 onwards.



How does phonics help us to read?

- Every word is made up of sounds e.g. d-o-g.
- The word **sh**-i-p, has 3 sounds. The **sh** is one sound represented by two letters. We call these '**special friends**' (digraphs).
- The word I-**igh**-t, has 3 sounds. The **igh** is one sound represented by three letters. We call these '**special friends**' (trigraphs)

In F2, we teach children how to blend sounds together to read whole words.

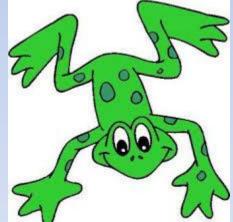
Say "hello" to Fred.

Fred can only talk in sounds...

He says "m_a_t." Not **mat**.

We call this Fred Talk.

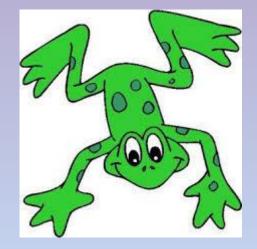
The children sometimes read the word using 'Fred in your head'. Children identify the sounds before blending them together.



Fred Fingers for Spelling

We use Fred Fingers to help us spell within phonics lessons and across the wider curriculum.

Children sound out the word on their fingers. They 'pinch' one finger for each sound within a word.





Phonics vocabulary...

Phoneme – spoken sounds – there are 44 speech sounds in the English language

Grapheme - There are 150+ graphemes to make up the speech sounds. The grapheme focuses on how we write each of the spoken sounds e.g. the spoken sounds 'f' is written using the graphemes f, ff, ph.

Red words - words that cannot be read by blending e.g. 'said' or 'does'. These words have to be learned by sight.

Green words - words that are made up of the 'speed sounds' children have learnt so far

Special Friends - These are two or three letters that make one sound e.g. ch, sh, igh

Speed Sounds Lesson

At the start of a RWI session, children have a short speed sounds lesson to learn and review sounds.

The children practise saying the sound using the 'My Turn Your Turn' approach and then read the sound in words. They then practise writing the sounds within words. It is very important that children are pronouncing sounds correctly. In phonics lessons, we use the letter sound <u>not</u> the letter name.



Simple Speed Sounds chart

Consonants: stretchy

f	ι	m	n	r	s	v	z	sh	th	ng
										nk

Consonants: bouncy

b	с	d	g	h	j	р	qu	t	w	Х	y	ch
	k											

Vowels: bouncy

Vowels: stretchy

a e i	0	u	ay	ee	igh	ow
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Vowels: stretchy

00	00	ar	or	air	ir	ou	oy
----	----	----	----	-----	----	----	----

Complex Speed Sounds chart

Consonants: stretchy

f ff	l ll	m mm	n nn	r rr	s ss	v ve	Z ZZ	sh ti	th	ng nk
ph	le	mb	kn	wr	se		S	ci		
					с					
					се					

Consonants: bouncy

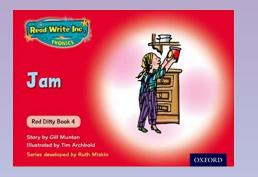
b	с	d	g	h	j	р	qu	t	w	х	y	ch
bb	k	dd	gg		g	рр		tt	wh			tch
	ck				ge							
	ch											

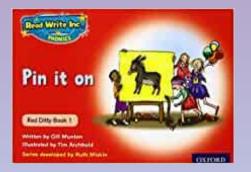
Vowels

a	е	i	0	u	ay	ee	igh	ow
	ea				a-e	у	i-e	o-e
					ai	ea	ie	oa
						е	i	0

00	00	ar	or	air	ir	ou	oy	ire	ear	ure
u-e			oor	are	ur	OW	oi			
ue			ore		er					
ew			aw							
			au							

The children learn to segment and blend sounds with confidence. When children are confident with reading set 1 sounds, they are introduced to short groups of CVC words known as ditties.





The red ditty books have 3 ditties (stories) and they will read a ditty a day in school and will read it again at home.

In school they will complete writing activities linked to the ditty they have read. Once they have read the 3 ditties they will move on to the next book.

<u>Green books onwards -</u>

During the 3 day timetable the children read the story three times in school.

The first read is for accuracy. We discuss the meaning of new vocabulary and ensure that the children are decoding correctly.

The second read is for fluency. The children should be reading the words more fluently than on the first read. The teacher also reads the story to the children to model reading with an expressive voice.

The third time we read is for comprehension. Once the children can read the text accurately and fluently, they are able to think about the meaning and context of the text. We practise answering comprehension questions verbally.







Each book contains speed sounds, story green words, red words and speedy green words. We read all of these words as a group and with partners throughout the 3 days. This is to build fluency.

The story and speedy green words are linked to the text and are phonetically decodable. They consolidate sounds and suffixes previously taught.

Writing activities

As part of the 3 day teaching cycle, children will complete writing activities. We also teach handwriting as part of the RWI lessons. Children are shown how to form letters correctly, starting and finishing in the correct place. When children are writing at home, please reinforce correct letter formation. The rhymes we use to teach letter formation can be found on the school website (Curriculum \rightarrow English \rightarrow RWI Phonics parent guidance).

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	kk ₽ ₽
15 Co	v v æ m æ
A gaps	€ e ★ S S ★

een orybook 5 hores nodaas Hold a se	**************************************
1	capital letter H Agaps
Check √	full stop . sh
2	
Check √	capital letter H gaps full stop . sh x
Proofread Correct 4 en this is h	
	capital letters T+T 1 spell × full stop .

Wanted: Red Hat Rob	
	4
	2~~
- A	
5	
·	
3 <u></u>	- and

Why



Phonics?

Home Reading

When children are learning the Set 1 sounds, they will bring home flashcards to practise the sounds they have been learning in school.

As children develop their confidence with recognising sounds and blending them together to read words, they will bring home resources for further practice. These resources include sound blending books and 'ditty' sheets to practise reading phrases such as 'pup sits in the mud'.

Following this, the children will bring home a RWI phonics book as their home reading book. They will receive a new book 2-3 times a week. Later on in the scheme, in Year 1, books switch to a 5 day teaching timetable.



u t	b	d	Р	s	n	m	0	1				-
Green Wor												
pup sit	sits	d 1	tub	m	ор	up	in	tu				
su	511.5				-				_			
Red Words	- read (hese wa	onds bea	t tell y	eur ch	ild the i	ortif	hey get	ifuck	3		
the	I											
		s i	n	the	e r	nu	1	and the second s		とあっ	0	
pup tut pup	tut						ł	ALLA D	A Char	であってい	2 4 4 4	「「「「」」



In previous years, pupils have also received an additional book from our school reading scheme. However, due to recent DfE and Ofsted guidance, this has now changed.

The DfE guidance clearly states that pupils should only be reading sounds that they have learnt during their phonics sessions. As our school reading scheme books do not match up to the sounds being taught via RWI phonics, we should not be sending these additional books home with pupils. The research has shown that asking children to read books containing graphemes that they do not recognise can lead to them getting confused resulting in a lack of enjoyment in their reading.

We prioritise pupils' confidence and enjoyment in their reading.

Reading at home

We therefore encourage you to ensure that the children's RWI phonics book is read at home **by the children**.

However, we strongly encourage you to read alternative texts (such as picture books or stories you enjoy as a family) with your child.

As a school, we are continuing to research and source alternative resources for pupils to read at home, which will coincide with their phonics learning in school and therefore not be detrimental to their learning of reading.

Children will be provided with a reading bag to put their RWI phonics book in. These need to be in school every day. When on the red ditty books children should read a ditty a night at home. From green books onwards, children should read their story each night to an adult. Please record this in their reading record books.

Further information about which reading activities should be completed each night can be found on the school website (Curriculum \rightarrow English \rightarrow Reading at home information for parents)

https://www.poultonlancelyn.wirral.sch.uk/web/english/544876

How to help your child at home...



Read stories with your child relentlessly.

Read favourite stories over and over again

Read stories to them that are at a higher level than they can read themselves.

Listen to them reading their RWI books. These books are designed to ensure that the children feel successful and confident when reading to motivate them to read for pleasure.

If a child reads for 20 minutes a day, they will read for 7,300 minutes a year.

If a child reads for 10 minutes a day, they will read for 3,650 minutes a year.

If a child reads for minutes a day, they will read for 1,825 minutes a year.

Talking

- Talk to your child as much as possible and 'feed' them new and ambitious vocabulary
- "Let's eat our lunch now."
- "Let's munch our lunch now."
- "Let's gobble our lunch now."
- "Let's devour our lunch now."

Please remember:

When reading with your child at home, it is meant to be easy! They are consolidating what they have learnt at school, not learning anything new. If they find it too difficult they will not enjoy reading at home. Reading is a pleasurable activity not a race!

Thank you for coming.

If you have any questions please do come and ask.

