

Poulton Lancelyn History Progression Map

<u>2020-2021</u>



	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	<u>Year 6</u>
	1. Changes within living	1. Changes within living	1. Changes in Britain from	1. Britain's settlement by	1. A significant turning point	1. A local history
ge	memory	memory	the Stone Age to the Iron	Anglo-Saxons and Scots	in British history (the	study/changes in social
ra	2. Events beyond living	Events beyond living	Age	2. The Viking and Anglo-	Reformation of the Church)	history (Victorians)
ve	memory	memory	2. The Roman Empire and	Saxon struggle for the	2. The achievements of the	2. A study of Greek life and
8	3. The lives of	3. The lives of significant	its impact on Britain	Kingdom of England to the	earliest civilizations (an	achievements and their
Ē	significant individuals	individuals who have	3. A non-European society	time of Edward the	overview of where and	influence on the western
<u>5</u>	who have contributed to	contributed to national and	that provides contrasts with	Confessor	when the first civilizations	world
n	national and	international achievements	British history – Mayan	3. The achievements of the	appeared/ a depth study of	3. Ancient Greece – a study
	international	(some to compare aspects of life in different periods)	civilization c. AD 900	earliest civilizations (an overview of where and	The Shang Dynasty of	of Greek life and achievements and their
I.	achievements (some to compare aspects of life	4. Significant historical		when the first civilizations	Ancient China)	influence on the western
	in different periods)	events, people and places		appeared/ a depth study of		world
na	4. Significant historical	in their own locality		Ancient Egypt)		wond
Vation	events, people and			y who for the gypty		
L ai	places in their own					
~	locality					
	1. History of our	1. History of Port Sunlight	1. Life in Britain from	1. Life in Britain during	1. Life in Tudor Britain	1. Life in Victorian Britain
	school and the	village	Stone Age to Iron Age	Anglo-Saxon and Viking	2. History of aviation	2. Industrial Revolution
le e	Lancelyn Green	2. The Great Fire of	2. The Roman Empire	rule	3. The achievements of	and Chernobyl
Historical knowledge	family	London	and its impact on Britain	2. Ancient Egyptians	The Shang Dynasty of	3. Ancient Greece
Ne C	3. Grace Darling and	3. Summer topics TBC	3. History of recycling	4. Summer TBC	Ancient China	4. Summer TBC
o ist	the history of the		4. Ancient Maya		4. Summer TBC	
тž	RNLI		5. Summer TBC			
	4. Summer topics					
	TBC					

\frown	1. Understand the	1. Know where all	1. Understand that a	1. Understand that a	1. Order significant	1. Extend and deepen
	difference between	people/events studied fit	timeline can be divided	timeline can be divided	events, movements and	their chronologically
	things that happened	into a chronological	into BC and AD	into BC and AD	dates on a timeline	secure knowledge of
	in the past and the	framework	2. Use a timeline to	2. Use a timeline to	(using more complex	history and provide a
	present	2. Identify similarities	place historical events in	place historical events in	dates e.g. 8 th May 1945)	well-informed context for
	2. Use common	and differences between	chronological order	chronological order using	2. Describe the main	further learning in KS3
	words and phrases	periods of time	3. Describe dates of and	years	changes within or across	2. Play key events/dates
	related to the passing	Use the words 'past'	order significant events	3. Learning is set within	periods of history	from current period of
	of time	and 'present' when	from the period studied	a chronological context	3. Place current study on	study on a timeline in
	3. Order a set of	telling others about an	4. Learning is set within	(with references to prior	a timeline in relation to	relation to other periods
	events or objects onto	event	a chronological	learning)	other periods of study	studied
∑ S	a simple timeline	4. Understand how to put	framework (with	Describe the main	(linking to prior learning)	3. Use a timeline to
ŏ	4. Describe things	people, events and	references to prior	changes within or across	and make comparisons	track/compare aspects of
ور ا	that happened to	objects in order of when	learning)	periods of history	to extend and deepen	one or more of the
Chronology	themselves and other	they happened using a	5. Establish narratives	5. Establish clear	their chronological	themes (e.g. crime and
L L	people in the past	simple timeline	within and across	narratives within and	understanding and	punishment) or concepts
0			periods studied	across periods studied	historical knowledge	within the period being
				Note connections,	4. Use a timeline to	studied and a previous
				contrasts and trends	support learning of one	period.
				over time	of the concepts e.g.	4. Identify significant
					causes and	events, make
					consequences of the	connections draw
					Reformation	contrasts and analyse
						trends within periods and
						over long arcs of time

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	1. Ask and answer	1. Ask and answer	1. Use documents,	1. Use a variety of	1. Understand how	1. Choose a variety of
	basic questions by	questions related to	printed sources (e.g.	sources as evidence	different types of sources	reliable sources of
	exploring events,	different sources and	archive materials), the	about the past	are rigorously used to	evidence to answer
	pictures and	objects using concepts	internet, databases,	2. Regularly address and	make historical claims	questions. Recognise
•	artefacts	e.g. similarity and	drawings, photographs,	sometimes devise	2. Choose a variety of	that there are often
		difference	music, artefacts, historic	historically valid	reliable sources of	contrasting opinions
		2. With support, identify	buildings, museums,	questions (linked to the 4	evidence to answer	when answering
>		some different ways in	galleries or historic sites	concepts)	questions and recognise	historical enquiries.
rin.		which the past is	as evidence about the	Construct informed	that there is often not a	2. Investigate own lines
ndr		represented	past	responses by selecting	single answer to	of enquiry by posing
en		3. Ask questions about	2. Ask questions and find	and organising relevant	historical questions	questions to answer to
a		the past and use a range	answers about the past	information	3. Investigate own lines	create relevant,
ric.		of information to answer		4. With support, begin to	of enquiry by posing	structures and
to		questions		explore the concept of	questions to answer	evidentially supported
Historical enquiry				primary and secondary	4. Begin to recognise	accounts (using
-				sources	primary and secondary	evidence from more than
					sources	one source)
						Recognise primary
						and secondary sources
	1. Look at books,	1. Use a source – why,	1. Explore the idea that	1. Begin to look at	1. Understand that some	1. Evaluate evidence to
	videos, photographs,	what, who, how, where,	there are different	different versions of the	evidence from the past is	choose the most reliable
	pictures and artefacts	when to ask questions	accounts of history	same event in history	propaganda, opinion or	forms
	to find out about the	and find answers	2. Understand how	and identify differences	misinformation and that	2. Know that people in
_	past	(including books, stories,	knowledge of the past is	2. Understand that	this affects	the past have a point of
uo	2. Understand some	eye-witness accounts,	constructed from a range	different versions of the	interpretations of history	view and that this can
ati	ways we find out	photographs, drawings,	of sources	past may exist, giving	2. Evaluate evidence to	affect interpretation
et	about the past	artefacts, buildings,		some reasons for this	choose the most reliable	3. Discern how and why
d		museums, galleries,			forms	contrasting arguments
te		historical sites or the			Investigate how and	and interpretations of the
<u> </u>		internet)			why contrasting	past have been
Sal		2. With support, discuss			arguments and	constructed, giving clear
Historical interpretation		the effectiveness of			interpretations of the	reasons why there may
stc		sources			past have been	be different accounts of
Ι Ξ̈́Ξ		3. With support, identify			constructed	history, linking this to
		different ways in which				factual understanding of
		the past is represented				the past

Significance	1. Talk about someone who was important e.g. in a simple historical account	 Describe significant individuals from the past Discuss (with support) how historical events and people can have an impact on life after an event 	 Identify historically significant people and events within the period studied and consider why they were significant Understand the significant contribution made to society by a historical figure 	 Evaluate significant historical events in one period of history Consider the lasting impacts a person or event had on different aspects of society. 	 Consider/explain the significance of events, people and developments in their context and in the present day Evaluate the significant historical events or people in one or more periods of time and how they impacted life then and consider the impact on life now 	 Evaluate the significant historical events or people in one or more periods of time and how they impacted life then and the impact on life now To recognise how important the consequences of a person's actions or an event was on a local, national and international scale and why it would be considered significant
Cause and consequence	1. Understand that there are reasons why people in the past acted as they did and that this has consequences	1. Link to chronology – explore the events leading up to another event and the direct consequences after and the impact on people and society (e.g. Great Fire of London)	 Recognise why people did things, why events happened and what happened as a result To understand what has changed (society, settlements, beliefs etc.) as a result of an event 	 Explain how people and events in the past have influenced life today Summarise what caused the event Identify and explain reasons for results of historical events 	 Examine the short and long term causes and results of great events and the impact these had on people (e.g. Reformation of the Church) Begin to make justifications on which causes were the most important 	1. Analyse or explain reasons for, and results of, historical events, situations or change 2. Evaluate how the period/event impacted Britain and one or more areas of historical focus (e.g. society, culture, government etc.) in the short and long term.
Continuity and change	1. Identify things that have changed or stayed the same between their own lives and life in a different time period	1. Compare and contrast changes that have been made in a particular period of time	1. Compare and contrast changes that have been made in and between different periods of times	1. Compare and contrast changes that have been made in and between different periods of times and begin to suggest reasons for this	 Identify and explain continuity and change within and across periods of history. Identify and note connections, contrasts and trends over time in the everyday lives of people 	 Identify and note connections, contrasts and trends over time Explain and demonstrate an understanding of continuity and change within and across different periods and societies.

Similarities and 000 difference	1. Recognise some similarities and differences between the past and the present	1. Recognise some similarities and differences between different periods studied.	 Use social, cultural, religious or ethnic diversity within a time period to show similarities and differences To explore similarities and differences in a period of history in relation to now 	 Begin to demonstrate an understanding of the social, cultural and ethnic diversity in Britain and the wider world through history Explore similarities and differences (e.g. social, cultural, religious etc.) to compare life in a different period to now 	 Demonstrate an understanding of the social, cultural and ethnic diversity in Britain and the wider world Reach informed conclusions in relation to one or more time periods studied 	1. Demonstrate an understanding of the social, cultural and ethnic diversity in Britain and the wider world 2. Reach informed conclusions in relation to one or more time periods studied and make hypothesis of why things are similar and different before using sources of evidence to seek answers.
Presenting, organising and	 Talk, write and draw about things from the past Use historical vocabulary to retell simple stories about the past Use drama/role play to communicate about the past Use simple timelines 	 Describe objects, people or events in history Show an understanding of historical terms Use simple timelines Communicate ideas about the past in speaking, writing, drawing, role-play or computing 	1. Use and understand appropriate historical vocabulary to communicate information 2. Present, communicate and organise ideas about the past e.g. speaking, writing or computing	 Use and understand appropriate historical vocabulary to communicate information Present, communicate and organise ideas about the past e.g. speaking, writing or computing Start to present ideas based on their own research about a studied period 	 Use a variety of ways to present, communicate and organise knowledge and understanding including detailed discussions or debates Demonstrate a good understanding of historical vocabulary including abstract terms related to topic Engage with topic by researching and presenting information e.g. a child-led homework project or constructing and answering an enquiry question 	 Use a variety of ways to present, communicate and organise knowledge and understanding including detailed discussions or debates Demonstrate a good understanding of historical vocabulary including abstract terms related to topic Engage with topic by researching and presenting information e.g. a child-led homework project or constructing and answering an enquiry question