



Poulton Lancelyn

Maths

Long Term Plan

Y2

2023/24

	W1- Number: Number and Place Value	W2 -Number: Number and Place Value	W3 – Number: Number and Place Value	W4 – Number: Number and Place Value	W5 – Number: Number and Place Value	W6 – Number: Addition and Subtraction	W7 – Number: Addition and Subtraction	
A1	<b>Recap on Yr 1:</b> Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals, identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words <b>Yr 2:</b> Recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones) use place value and number facts to solve problems	<b>Recap on Yr 1:</b> Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number. (Year 1 R2P) Count in multiples of 2s, 5s and 10s. (Year 1 R2P) <b>Year 2:</b> Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals. Recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones)	Recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones). Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line. Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words.	<b>Recap on Year 1:</b> Recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones). Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words. Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line. Recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones). Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use and = signs.	<b>Recap on Year 1</b> Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and = signs Count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number, forward and backward.	Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100.	Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: two 2-digit numbers. Solve problems with addition and subtraction: applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods. Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: a 2-digit number and 1s.	
Ready to Progress		2NPV–1 Recognise the place value of each digit in two-digit numbers, and compose and decompose two-digit numbers using standard and non-standard partitioning. 2NPV–2 Reason about the location of any two-digit number in the linear number system, including identifying the previous and next multiple of 10.				2NF–1 Secure fluency in addition and subtraction facts within 10, through continued practice. 2AS–1 Add and subtract across 10. 2AS–3 Add and subtract within 100 by applying related one-digit addition and subtraction facts: add and subtract only ones or only tens to/from a two-digit number.		
	W1 – Number: Addition and Subtraction	W2 – Number: Addition and Subtraction	W3 – Number: Addition and Subtraction	W4 – Number: Addition and Subtraction	W5 – Number: Addition and Subtraction	W6 – Number: Addition and Subtraction Geometry: Properties of Shapes	W7 - Geometry: Properties of Shapes	Week 8 Geometry: Properties of Shapes
A2	2 days of fluency and consolidation-bridging 10 using number facts Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and	Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: a two-digit number and ones. Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations,	Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: a two-digit number and ones. Solve problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those	Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: a two-digit number and ones. Solve problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and	Solve problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures.	Identify and describe the properties of 2D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line.	Identify and describe the properties of 2D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line. Compare and sort common 2D and 3D	

	mentally, including: a two 2-digit number and 1s.  Solve problems with addition and subtraction: applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods.	and mentally, including: two two-digit numbers.  Count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number, forward and backward.	involving numbers, quantities and measures.	pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures.	Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100.  Solve problems with addition and subtraction: applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods		shapes and everyday objects.  Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences.  Identify and describe the properties of 3D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces.	
Ready to Progress	2NF–1 Secure fluency in addition and subtraction facts within 10, through continued practice. 2AS–1 Add and subtract across 10. 2AS–3 Add and subtract within 100 by applying related one-digit addition and subtraction facts: add and subtract only ones or only tens to/from a two-digit number.		2AS–2 Recognise the subtraction structure of ‘difference’ and answer questions of the form, “How many more...?”. 2AS–3 Add and subtract within 100 by applying related one-digit addition and subtraction facts: add and subtract only ones or only tens to/from a two-digit number. 2AS–4 Add and subtract within 100 by applying related one-digit addition and subtraction facts: add and subtract any 2 two-digit numbers			2G–1 Use precise language to describe the properties of 2D and 3D shapes, and compare shapes by reasoning about similarities and differences in properties.		
	W1 – Geometry: Properties of Shape	W2 – Measurement: Money	W3 – Measurement: Money	W4 – Number: Multiplication and Division	W5 – Number: Multiplication and Division	W6 – Number: Multiplication and Division		
Sp1	Identify and describe the properties of 3D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces.  Compare and sort common 2D and 3D shapes and everyday objects.  Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences.	<b>Yr 1 Recap:</b> Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes.  <b>Yr 2:</b> Recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value.  Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money	Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change.	<b>Yr 1 Recap:</b> Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.  <b>Yr 2:</b> Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts.	Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts.  Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (x), division (÷) and equals (=) signs.	Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers.  Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts.		
Ready to Progress	2G–1 Use precise language to describe the properties of 2D and 3D shapes, and compare shapes by			2MD–1 Recognise repeated addition contexts, representing them with multiplication equations and calculating the product, within the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables.		2MD–1 Recognise repeated addition contexts, representing them with multiplication equations		

	reasoning about similarities and differences in properties.			2MD–2 Relate grouping problems where the number of groups is unknown to multiplication equations with a missing factor, and to division equations (quotitive division).	and calculating the product, within the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables.		
	W1 – Number: Multiplication and Division	W2 - Number: Multiplication and Division	W3 – Measurement: Length and Height	W4 – Measurement: Mass, Volume/ Capacity	W5 – Measurement: Volume, temperature		
Sp2	Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers.	Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts.	Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels.  Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and =.  Solve problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures.	Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and =.  Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels.	Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels.		
Ready to Progress	2MD–1 Recognise repeated addition contexts, representing them with multiplication equations and calculating the product, within the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables.						
	W1 – Number: Fractions	W2 –Number: Fractions	W3 – Number: Fractions (2 days) Measurement: Time (3 days)	W4 -(4 days) Measurement: Time (2 days) Geometry: Position and Direction (2 days)	W5 – Geometry: Position and Direction (3 days)  Operations consolidation (2 days)	W6- SATS	
Su1	<b>Recap from Year 1:</b> Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity.  <b>Year 2:</b> Recognise, find and name a quarter as 1 of 4 equal parts of an object, shape or quantity	<b>Recap from Year 1:</b> Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity.  <b>Year 2:</b> Recognise, find and name a quarter as 1 of 4 equal parts of an object, shape or quantity  Write simple fractions for example, 1/2 of 6 = 3 and	Write simple fractions for example, 1/2 of 6 = 3 and recognise the equivalence of 2/4 and 1/2  Recognise, find, name and write fractions 1/3, 1/4, 2/4 and 3/4 of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity  <b>Recap from Year 1:</b> Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the	Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times  Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day  Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and	Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise)	Operations/ fractions/ fluency consolidation  Arithmetic Paper  Reasoning Paper	

	Recognise, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{3}$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ , $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity	recognise the equivalence of $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$	hands on a clock face to show these times  <b>Year 2:</b> Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times	movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise)				
Ready to Progress								
	W1 – Statistics	W2 – Statistics (2 days) Number: Addition and Subtraction (3 days)	W3 – Number: Addition and Subtraction	W4 – Number: Addition and Subtraction	W5 – Number: Addition and Subtraction	W6 – Consolidation and Problem Solving	W7 – Fluency consolidation	W8 – Fluency
Su 2	Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables. Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data	Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables.  Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity  Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data  Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: a 2-digit number and 1s.  Solve problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures.	Use place value and number facts to solve problems  Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems  Solve problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures	Use place value and number facts to solve problems  Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems  Solve problems with addition and subtraction: applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods  Solve problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures	Use place value and number facts to solve problems  Solve problems with addition and subtraction: applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods  Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts.	Consolidation of 4 operations  Solving for missing numbers  Mental addition and subtraction  Efficient subtraction  Consolidation of addition and subtraction		
Ready to Progress			2AS–4 Add and subtract within 100 by applying related one-digit addition and subtraction facts: add and subtract any 2 two-digit numbers. 2MD–2 Relate grouping problems where the number of groups is unknown to multiplication equations with a missing factor, and to division equations (quotitive division).					

### Ready-to-progress criteria

Year 1 conceptual prerequisites	Year 2 ready-to-progress criteria	Future applications
Know that 10 ones are equivalent to 1 ten. Know that multiples of 10 are made up from a number of tens, for example, 50 is 5 tens.	<b>2NPV-1</b> Recognise the place value of each digit in two-digit numbers, and compose and decompose two-digit numbers using standard and non-standard partitioning.	Compare and order numbers. Add and subtract using mental and formal written methods.
Place the numbers 1 to 9 on a marked, but unlabelled, 0 to 10 number line. Estimate the position of the numbers 1 to 9 on an unmarked 0 to 10 number line. Count forwards and backwards to and from 100.	<b>2NPV-2</b> Reason about the location of any two-digit number in the linear number system, including identifying the previous and next multiple of 10.	Compare and order numbers. Round whole numbers. Subtract ones from a multiple of 10, for example: $30 - 3 = 27$
Develop fluency in addition and subtraction facts within 10.	<b>2NF-1</b> Secure fluency in addition and subtraction facts within 10, through continued practice.	All future additive calculation. Add within a column during columnar addition when the column sums to less than 10 (no regrouping). Subtract within a column during columnar subtraction when the minuend of the column is larger than the subtrahend (no exchanging).

Year 1 conceptual prerequisites	Year 2 ready-to-progress criteria	Future applications
Learn and use number bonds to 10, for example: $8 + ? = 10$ Partition numbers within 10, for example: $5 = 2 + 3$	<b>2AS-1</b> Add and subtract across 10, for example: $8 + 5 = 13$ $13 - 5 = 8$	Add and subtract within 100: add and subtract any 2 two-digit numbers, where the ones sum to 10 or more, for example: $26 + 37 = 63$ Use knowledge of unitising to add and subtract across other boundaries, for example: $1.3 - 0.5 = 0.8$ Add within a column during columnar addition when the column sums to more than 10 (regrouping), for example, for: $126 + 148$ Subtract within a column during columnar subtraction when the minuend of the column is smaller than the subtrahend (exchanging), for example, for: $453 - 124$
Solve missing addend problems within 10, for example: $4 + \square = 10$	<b>2AS-2</b> Recognise the subtraction structure of 'difference' and answer questions of the form, "How many more...?".	Solve contextual subtraction problems for all three subtraction structures (reduction, partitioning and difference) and combining with other operations.
Add and subtract within 10, for example: $6 + 3 = 9$ $6 - 2 = 4$ Know that a multiple of 10 is made up from a number of tens, for example, 50 is 5 tens.	<b>2AS-3</b> Add and subtract within 100 by applying related one-digit addition and subtraction facts: add and subtract only ones or only tens to/from a two-digit number.	Add and subtract using mental and formal written methods.

Year 1 conceptual prerequisites	Year 2 ready-to-progress criteria	Future applications
Add and subtract within 10. Know that a multiple of 10 is made up from a number of tens, for example, 50 is 5 tens.	<b>2AS-4</b> Add and subtract within 100 by applying related one-digit addition and subtraction facts: add and subtract any 2 two-digit numbers.	Add and subtract numbers greater than 100, recognising unitising, for example: $32 \text{ ones} + 23 \text{ ones} = 55 \text{ ones}$ so $32 \text{ tens} + 23 \text{ tens} = 55 \text{ tens}$ $320 + 230 = 550$
Count in multiples of 2, 5 and 10.	<b>2MD-1</b> Recognise repeated addition contexts, representing them with multiplication equations and calculating the product, within the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables.	Use multiplication to represent repeated addition contexts for other group sizes. Memorise multiplication tables.
Count in multiples of 2, 5 and 10 to find how many groups of 2, 5 or 10 there are in a particular quantity, set in everyday contexts.	<b>2MD-2</b> Relate grouping problems where the number of groups is unknown to multiplication equations with a missing factor, and to division equations (quotative division).	Division with other divisors.
Recognise common 2D and 3D shapes presented in different orientations.	<b>2G-1</b> Use precise language to describe the properties of 2D and 3D shapes, and compare shapes by reasoning about similarities and differences in properties.	Identify similar shapes. Describe and compare angles. Draw polygons by joining marked points Identify parallel and perpendicular sides. Identify regular polygons Find the perimeter of regular and irregular polygons. Compare areas and calculate the area of rectangles (including squares) using standard units. Compare areas and calculate the area of rectangles (including squares) using standard units.